



Physics Seminar

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Title: Is spontaneous emission reversible?

Time: Wednesday, February 7, 13:00-14:00

Place: Building 306, auditorium 38

Can a single photon interact with a single atom in such a way that the absorption probability is 'one'? Surprisingly, the answer is yes independent of whether the transition matrix element is small or large. There are of course pre-conditions, concerning e.g. the geometry of the wave fronts, the line width of the photon and last not least the polarization. As a general rule of thumb it is helpful to study the inverse process of photon emission and to use the symmetry of quantum systems with respect to time reversal [1]. The field distribution which couples best to an atom also leads to the smallest focal spot in free space [2], with possible implications to other optical systems [3].

- [1] S. Quabis, R. Dorn, M. Eberler, O. Glockl, G. Leuchs, Opt. Commun. 179, 1-7 (2000)
- [2] R. Dorn, S. Quabis, G. Leuchs, Phys. Rev. Lett. 91, 233901(2003)
- [3] G. Leuchs, S. Quabis, J. Mod. Opt. 53, 787-797 (2006)

Coffee and tea will be served 15 min before the seminar.

Organisers: Anders Andersen, Ulrik L. Andersen and Thomas Bligaard